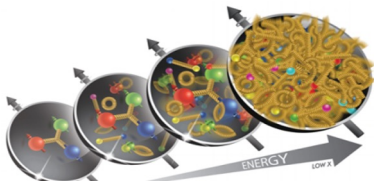




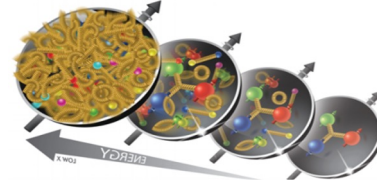
# Pixelated AC-LGAD sensors for the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) Roman Pots: read-out performances with EICROCO\_v0 ASIC

Dominique Marchand (presented by Ch. de La Taille)  
*On behalf of all teams involved*

TIPP2026



Brookhaven  
National Laboratory

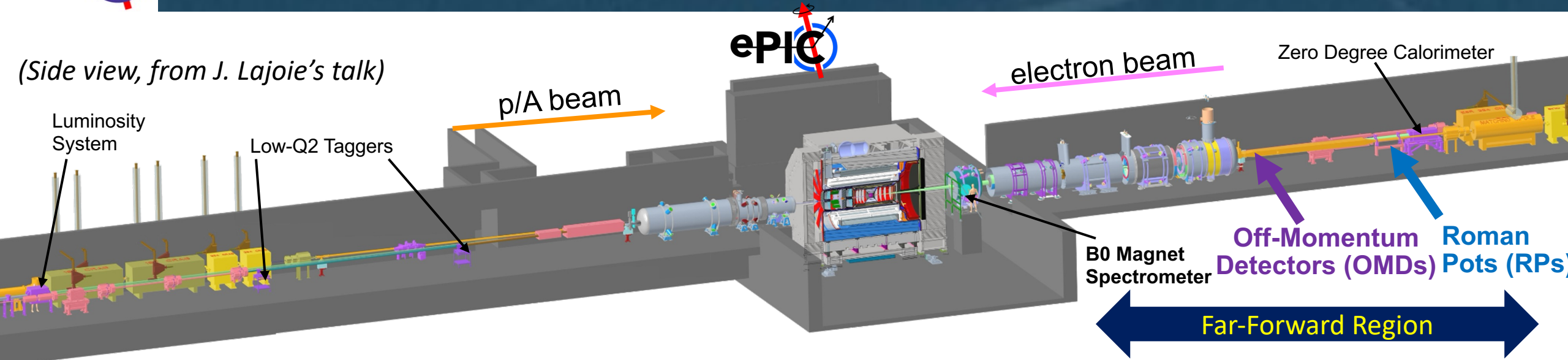


- ❖ The ePIC Roman Pots: context & requirements
  
- ❖ AC-LGAD read-out characterization:
  - with Beta source
  - with infrared laser
  
- ❖ Schedule and project team
  
- ❖ Conclusion & outlook



# ePIC Detectors & Far-Forward Region

(Side view, from J. Lajoie's talk)

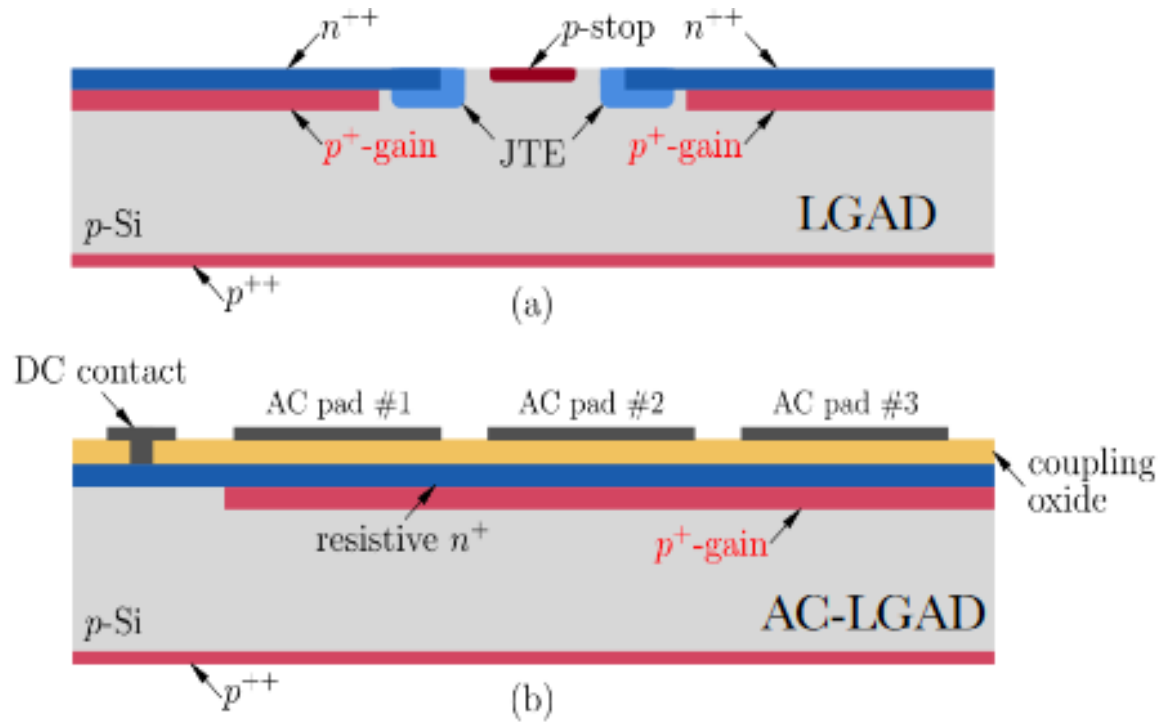


**Far-Forward detectors are essential to measure exclusive processes, as Deep Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS) → Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)**

- ❖ **Roman pots (RP)**
  - Detect particles scattered at very small angle ( $< 5$  mrad)
  - Required to measure exclusive processes on proton targets
    - DVCS, DVMP...
    - All the channels relevant to GPDs of quarks and gluons

- ❖ **Off-Momentum Detectors (OMD)**
  - Detect small angle particles with a different rigidity than the beam
    - Access angles down to 0 for rigidity  $< 0.65$
  - Necessary for all tagged measurements
    - Study of nuclear effects
    - Effective neutron target

# Far-Forward Detectors



## RP & OMDs requirements:

- 30 ps Time resolution
- < 50  $\mu\text{m}$  Spatial resolution

Novel generation of Low-Gain Avalanche Diode (LGAD) sensors:  
 « Alternating Current coupled LGAD, referred as **AC-LGADs**

4D-Tracking

- ❖ Excellent time resolution, as LGADs
- ❖ Very good spatial resolution from charge sharing among neighboring pixels, relying on barycenter computation.

B0 spectrometer, OMDs & Roman Pots will consist of modules of pixelated AC-LGADs, also Forward Time of Flight system

**BUT no optimized chip exists yet to read-out pixelated AC-LGADs exploiting their 4D-tracking capabilities**

➔ Rationalization of design efforts: all pixelated AC-LGAD to be read-out by the same large scale (32 x 32 channels) ASIC: **EICROC (EIC Read-Out Chip)**

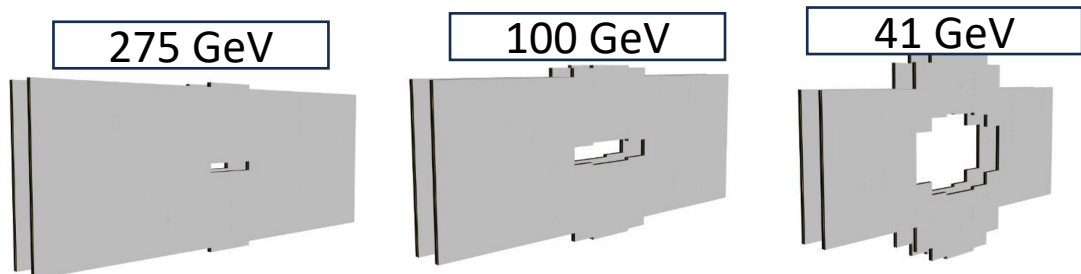
★ RP AC-LGAD + EICROC mounted on **movable plates** and in **vacuum**

Very low power read-out chip + **challenging** cooling system

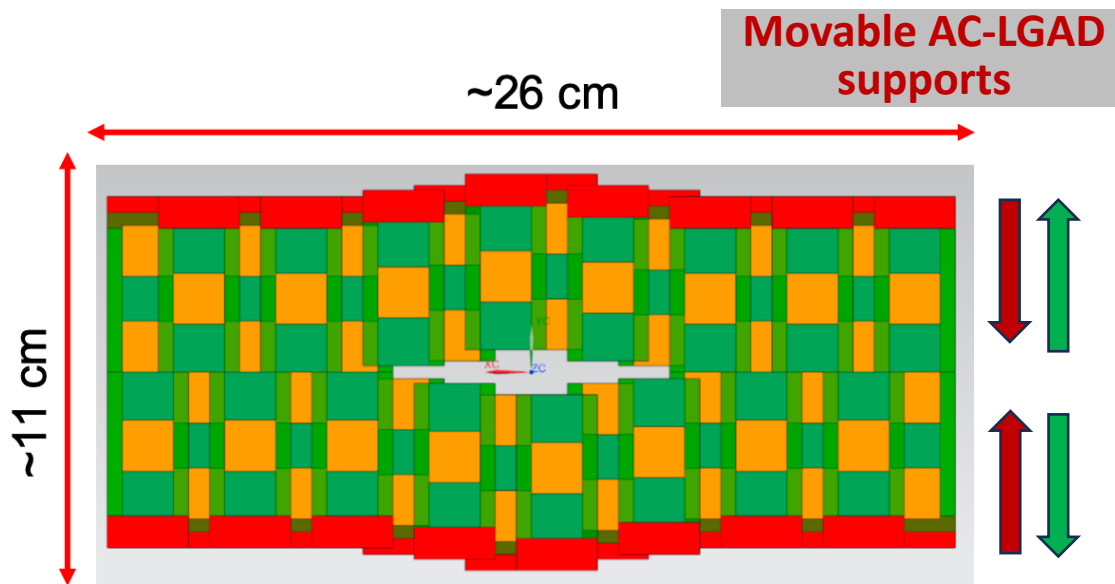
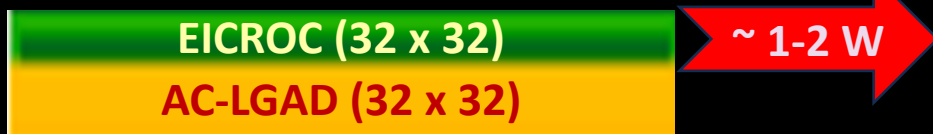


# Roman Pots design (still under development)

« Aperture » of the RP inversely  $\propto$  dispersion of the scattered proton « beam » versus incoming proton energy



1 module = AC-LGAD + EICROC bump-bonded

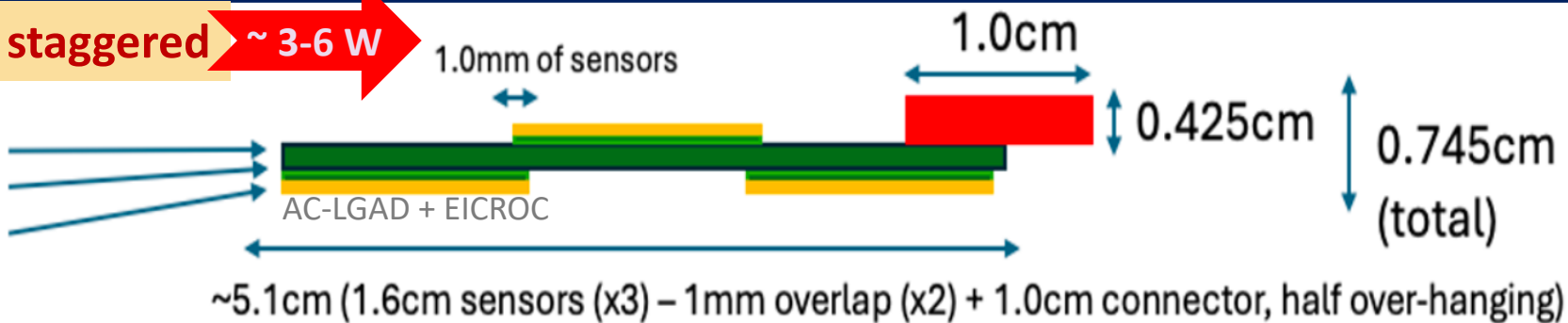


2 layers staggered composed of 16 modules each to provide full active-area coverage

1 stave = 3 modules staggered



- PCB: 2.0mm thickness
- ASIC: 300um thickness
- Sensor: 300um thickness





# Pixelated AC-LGAD read-out chip: EICROC

Objective: **Development** and **characterization** of an **ASIC EICROC** (32 x 32) able to read-out the **new generation** of pixelated (500 x 500  $\mu\text{m}^2$ ) silicon sensors: **AC-LGAD** (Alternating Current coupled Low-Gain Avalanche Diode) for the **Electron Ion Collider** (EIC)

Target: optimized for the ePIC **Roman Pots (RP)**, as first intention (most demanding)

## RP AC-LGAD read-out chip requirements:

Pixelated AC-LGADs  $\leftrightarrow$  low input capacitance: 1-5 pF


- ❖ **30 ps time resolution**
- ❖ **< 50  $\mu\text{m}$  spatial resolution** exploiting **charge sharing among neighboring pixels**  
→ **low charge sensitivity (~3 fC)**
- ❖ **low power consumption (< 1 mW/channel)** as placed inside vacuum
- ❖ **low noise (< 1 mV)**



Stepping up process through successive ASIC iterations to control performances fulfilling ePIC detector requirements

EICROC iterations being designed by 



(contribution from AGH Krakow for  EICROC0 and EICROC1 ADCs)

1<sup>st</sup> EICROC prototype under test: **EICROC0** (4 x 4 channels)

  
**EICROC2 (32x32)**

This work is benefitting from support from the French Agence Nationale de la Recherche (ANR), under grant ANR-24-CE31-5571 (project ROAD\_4\_EIC, 02/2025 – 01/2029)



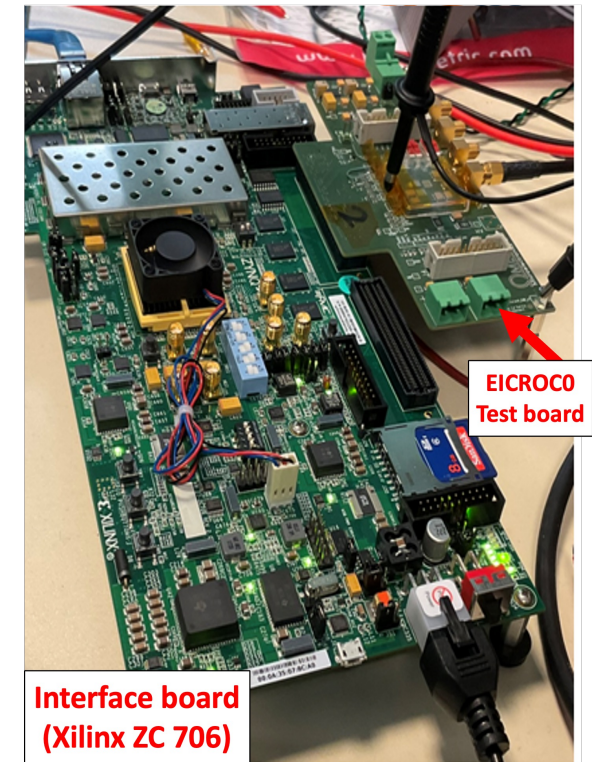
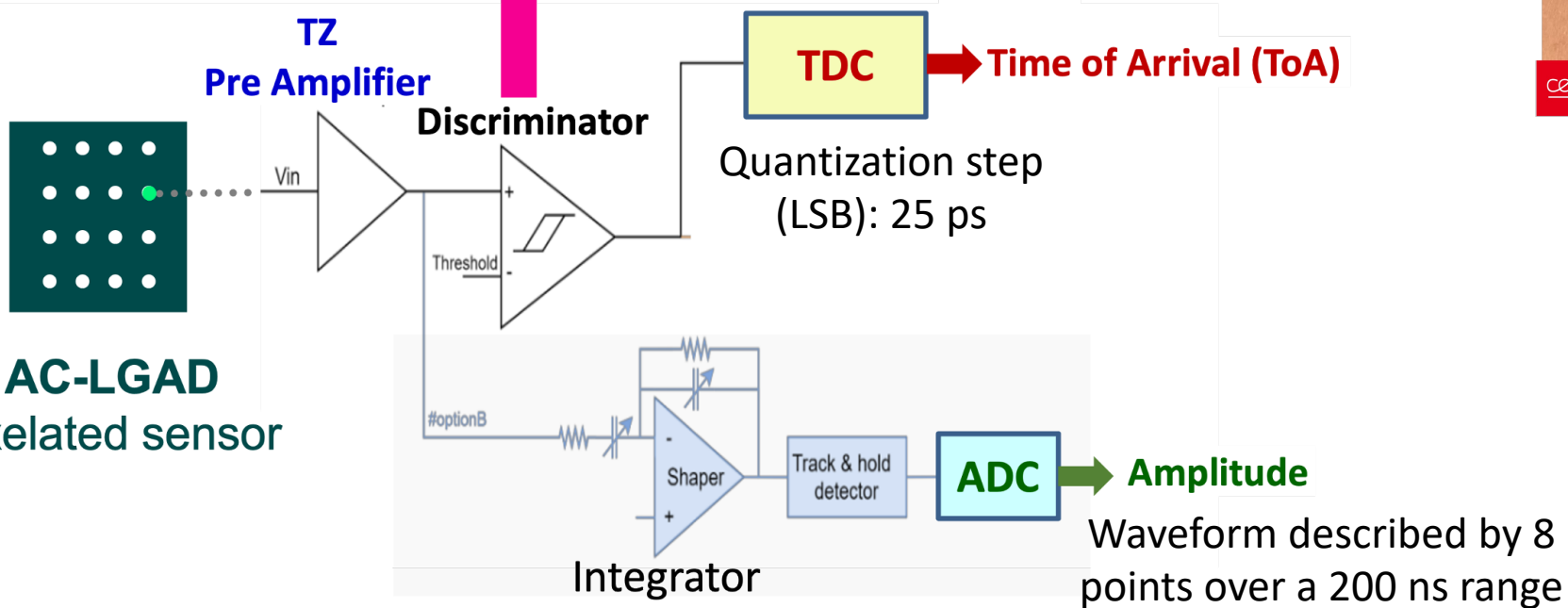
# EICROC0 (4x4): 1<sup>st</sup> EICROC prototype under test since 2024

## 1 channel (1 pixel) schematics

Analog Probe output



Digital Probe output



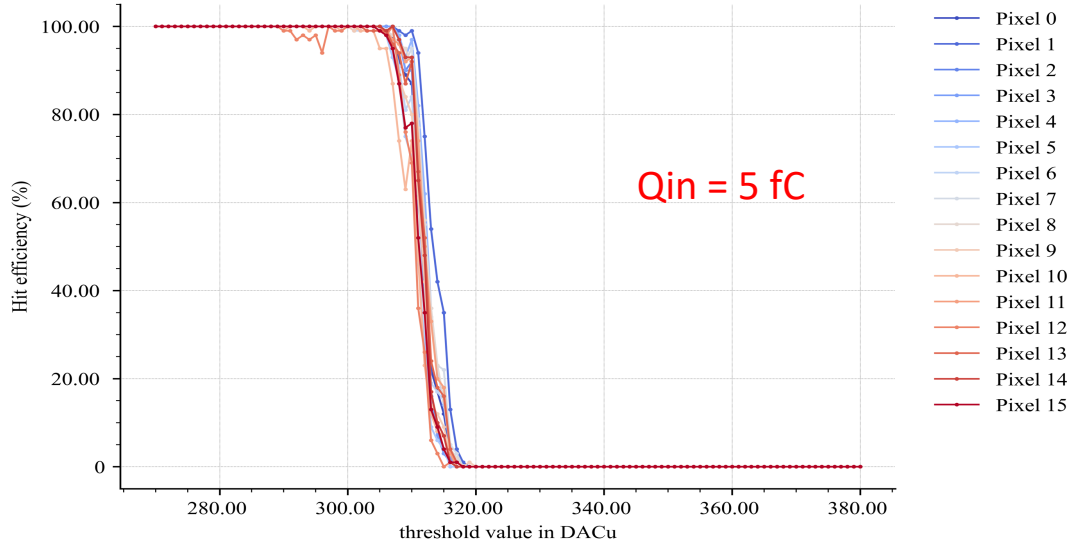
### ❖ 2024:

- ASIC alone evaluation (PreAmplifier output signals, ADC & TDC responses)
- EICROC0 + AC-LGAD (wire/bump-bonded): Beta source measurements exploiting analog Probe PreAmp signal output (oscilloscope)

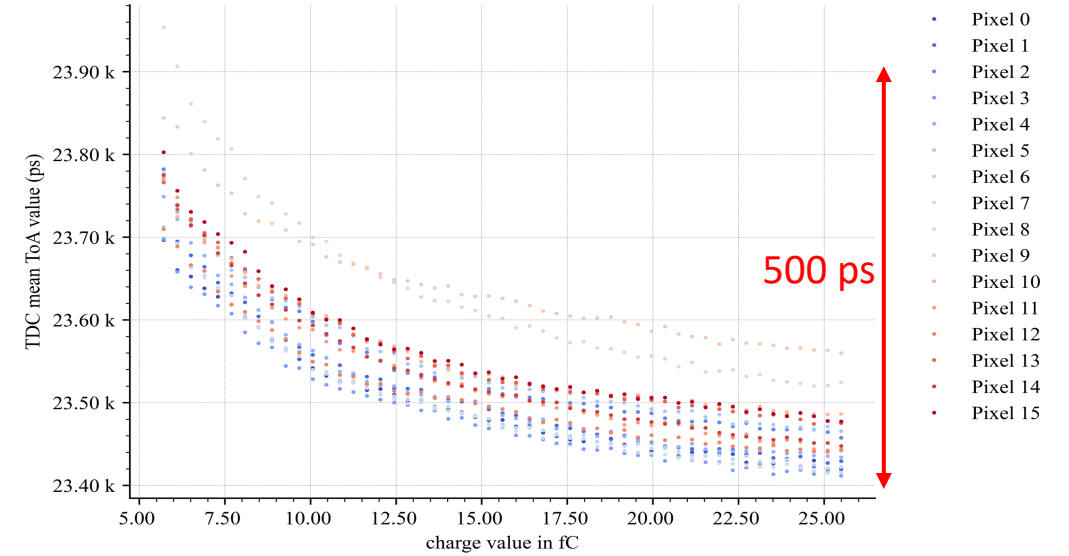
### ❖ 2025: EICROC0 + AC-LGAD (ADC & TDC data) ⇒ Measurements with Beta source & infrared laser

# EICROC0 (4x4): ASIC alone characterisation

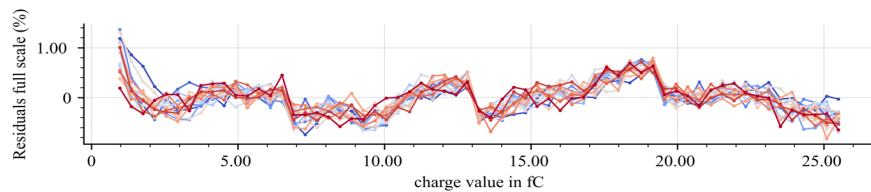
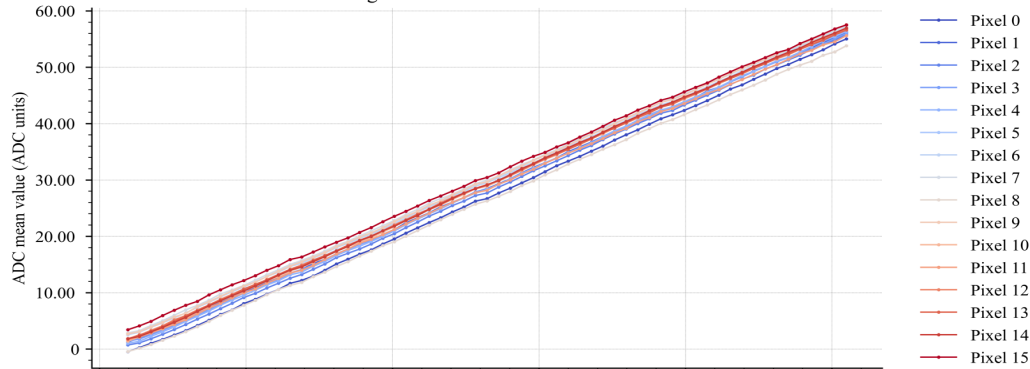
S-Curve of all channels for a charge of 15 DACu



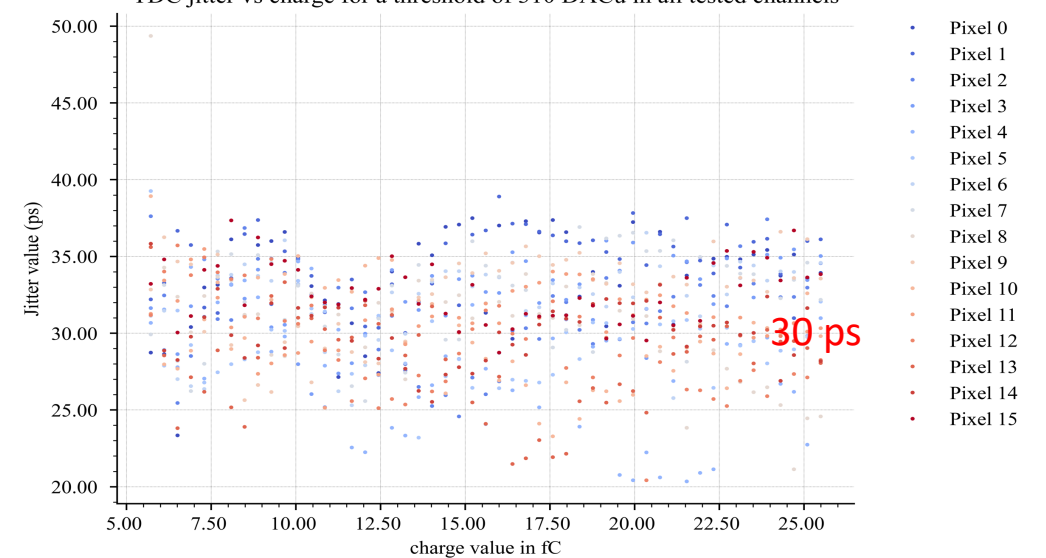
TDC ToA vs charge for a threshold of 310 DACu in all tested channels



ADC mean value vs charge for a threshold of 310 DACu in all tested channels

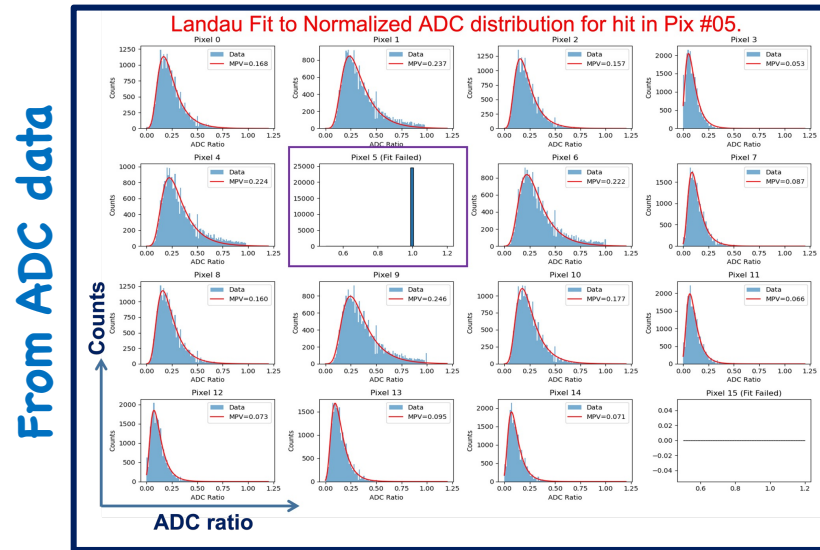
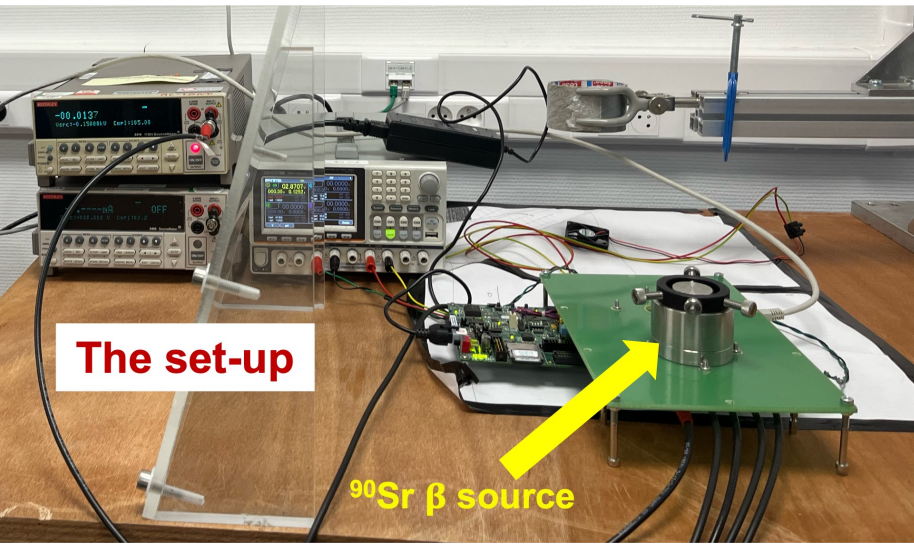


TDC jitter vs charge for a threshold of 310 DACu in all tested channels

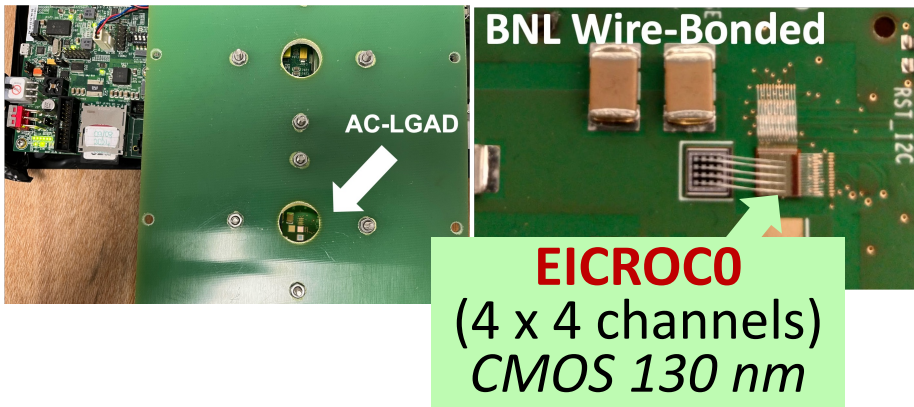
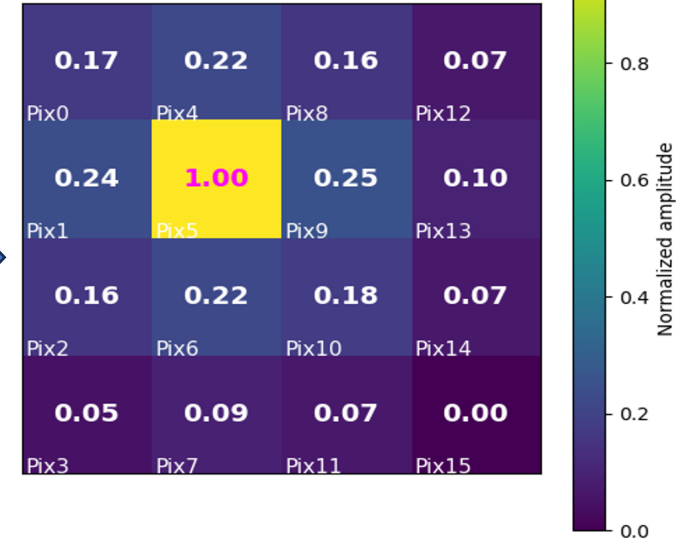


## Measurements with $^{90}\text{Sr}$ $\beta$ source at IJCLab PSI platform (July '25)

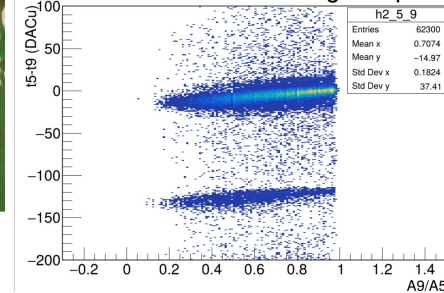
- 1) digital data stored when the PreAmp signal amplitude of at least 1 channel among the 16 is passing the discriminator threshold
- 2) long run (~ 10 hours) splitting data into multiple files with r fixed number of events/file



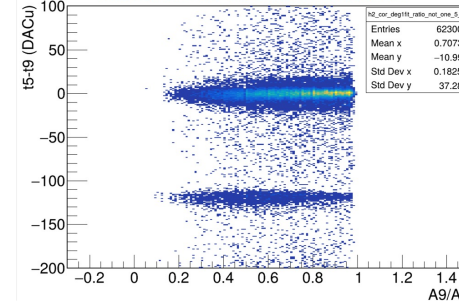
Charge Sharing ratio for hit in Pix #05



Time difference vs amplitude ratio between the hit and neighbor pixel



Time difference vs amplitude ratio After time walk correction

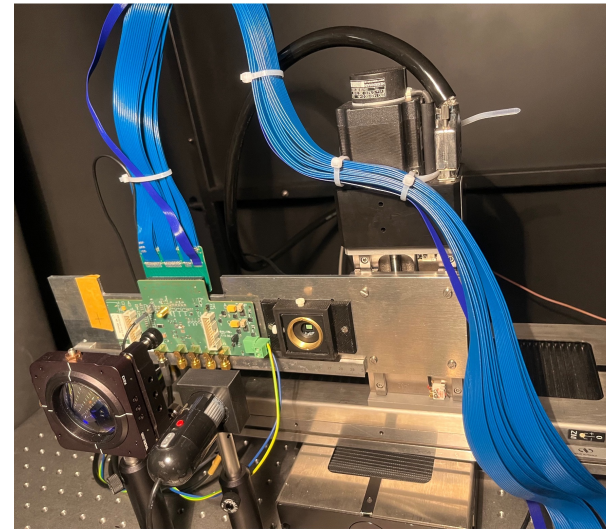
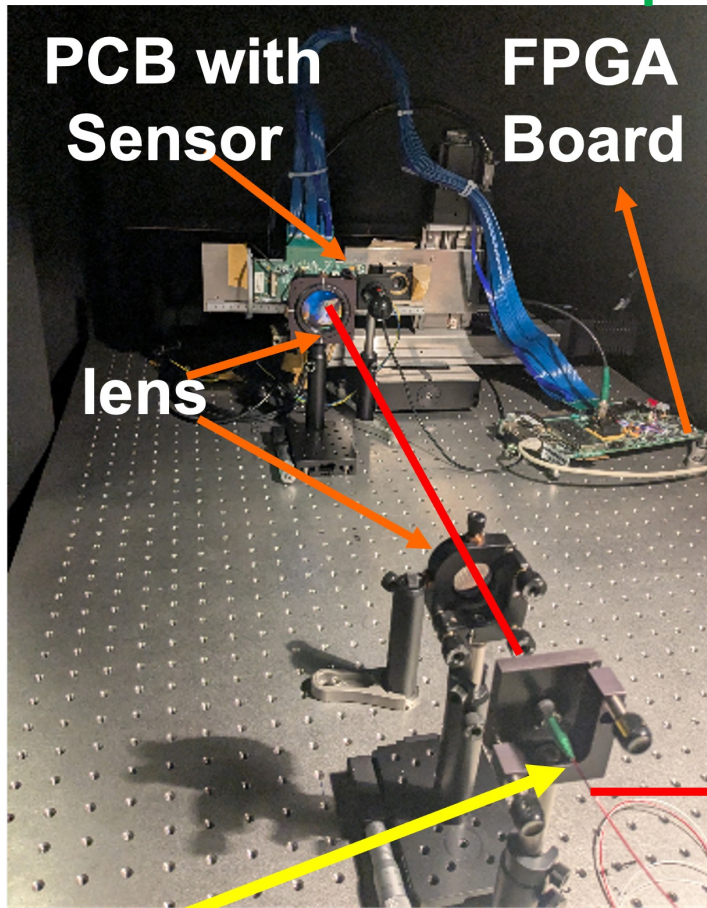


From ADC & TDC data

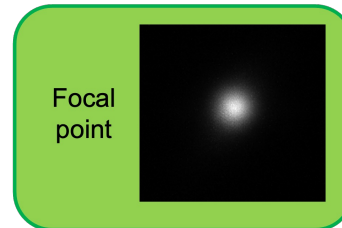
- ADC pedestal subtraction computed from "far" pixel
- More charge sharing (~23%) for adjacent neighbors
- Time walk correction applied successfully to TDC data

# Pixelated AC-LGAD read-out characterization With Infrared Laser: The setup

Operational since end of Summer 2025

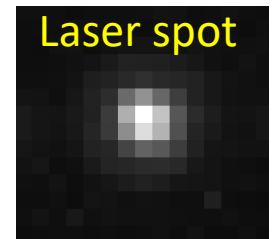


Viewed by a numerical microscope



**NKT Photonics Diode Laser**

- $1056.4 \pm 7.4$  nm
- 7 nW av. Power
- 150 mW peak intensity
- 0 – 40 MHz
- 35 ps pulse width (FWHM)
- Jitter RMS = 10.8 ps
- Fiber MFD: 5.3 – 6.4  $\mu\text{m}$  @ 980 nm



With CMOS camera

- Clean spot
- $\phi \lesssim 20 \mu\text{m}$  (CMOS pixel = 3.75  $\mu\text{m}$ )

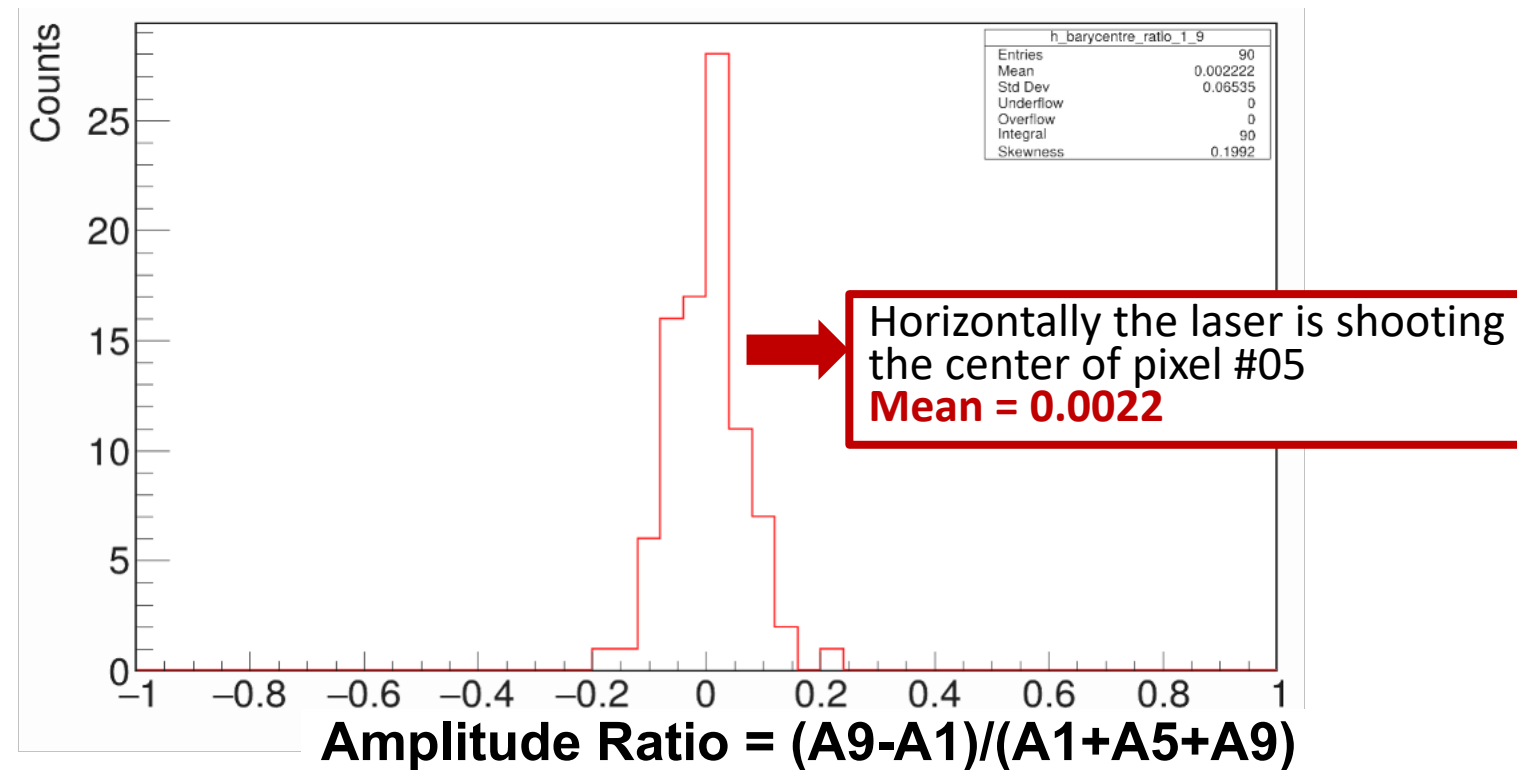


**Pulsed Infrared laser  $\lambda$  1056 nm**

### Barycenter calculation from ADC data (Sept. 18, 2025)

Considering pixels #01, #05 & #09

Pixel / Channel Mapping	Column 0	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Line 0	Pixel (0,0) #00	Pixel (1,0) #04	Pixel (2,0) #08	Pixel (3,0) #12
Line 1	Pixel (0,1) #01	Pixel (1,1) #05	Pixel (2,1) #09	Pixel (3,1) #13
Line 2	Pixel (0,2) #02	Pixel (1,2) #06	Pixel (2,2) #10	Pixel (3,2) #14
Line 3	Pixel (0,3) #03	Pixel (1,3) #07	Pixel (2,3) #11	Pixel (3,3) #15



Very encouraging!

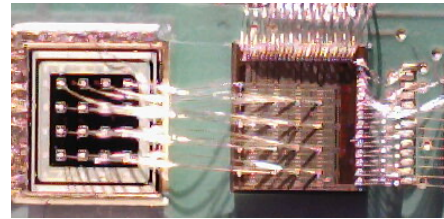
Position Accuracy ~ +/- 17  $\mu\text{m}$   
(RMS 0.065 x 500  $\mu\text{m}$  = 33  $\mu\text{m}$ )

This method to be extended to the whole matrix

## TDC differences between 2 hit neighboring pixels

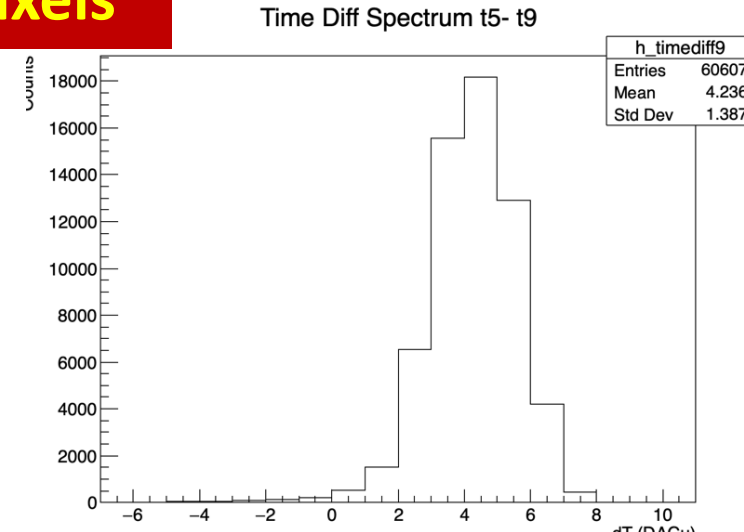
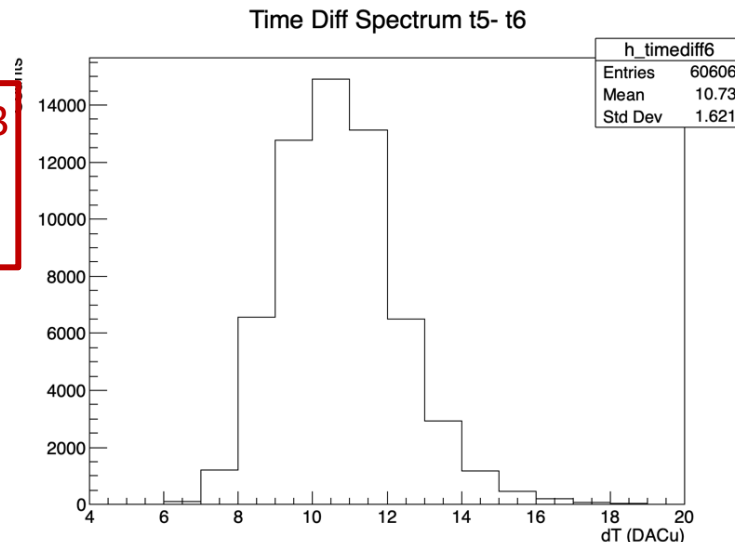
[Assumption: 1 TDC DACu = 25 ps]

**Very recent**

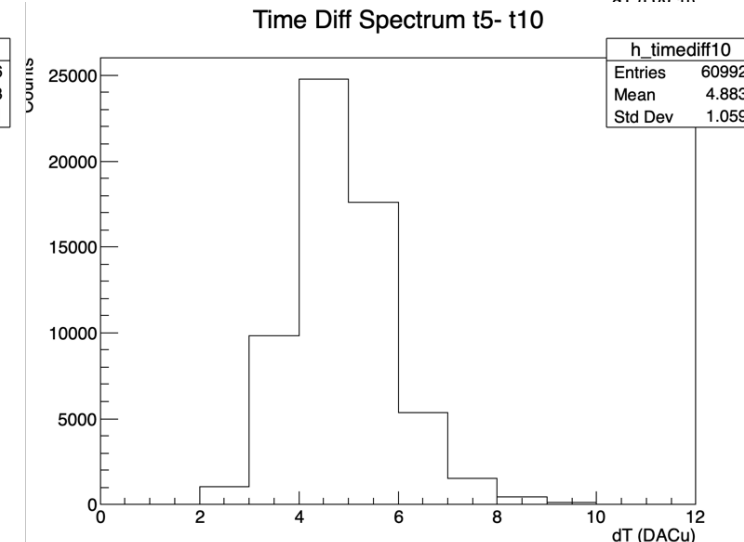


Laser 1 KHz, 77.6% attenuation, ~60 000 evts  
BNL sensor biased at HV = -190V

$\sigma [\text{pix05} - \text{pix06}]_{\text{DACu}} = 1.623$   
→ TDC jitter for individual pixel [=  $\sigma / \sqrt{2}$ ]: **28.7 ps**



$\sigma [\text{pix05} - \text{pix09}]_{\text{DACu}} = 1.387$   
→ TDC jitter for individual pixel [=  $\sigma / \sqrt{2}$ ]: **24.5 ps**

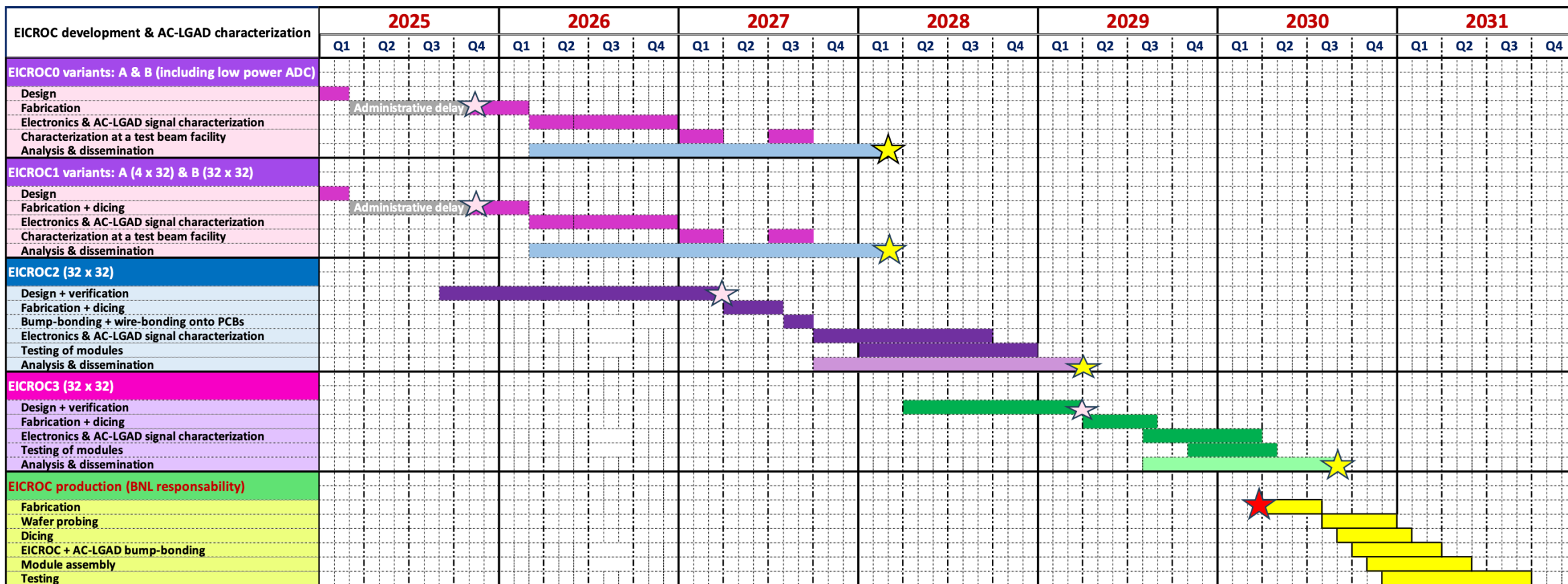


$\sigma [\text{pix05} - \text{pix10}]_{\text{DACu}} = 1.059$   
→ TDC jitter for individual pixel [=  $\sigma / \sqrt{2}$ ]: **18.7 ps**

Individual Pixel jitter from 19 ps up to 29 ps



# EICROC & AC-LGAD read-out characterization Timeline



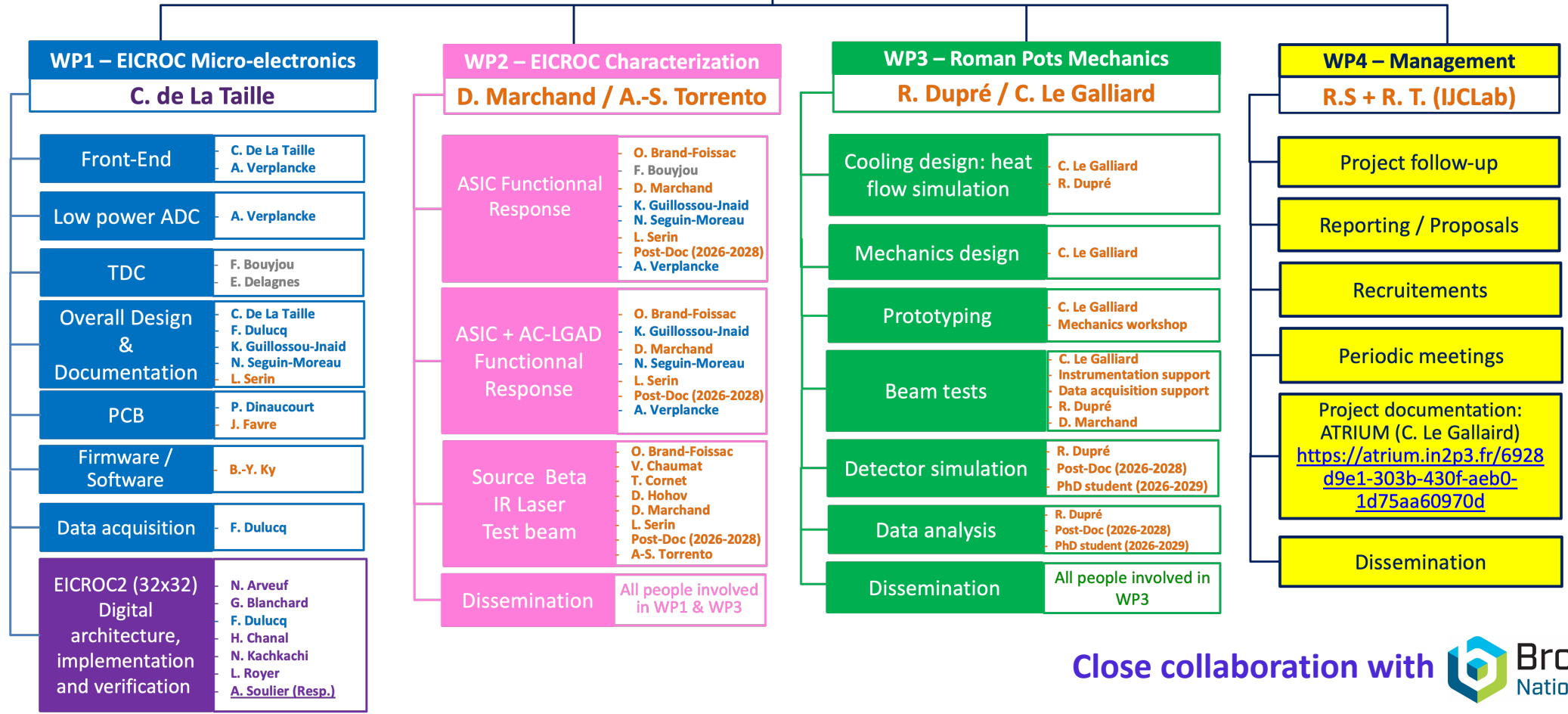
Eventually

EICROC submissions     
 Publication     
 Start of production

Start of Early Science Program: ~ 2035 ; Roman Pots & OMD installation: not before 2036 « On schedule »

# The Team

**Roman Pots (& OMD) CNRS/IN2P3 Project**  
 D. Marchand (RS) + O. Brand-Foissac (RT)

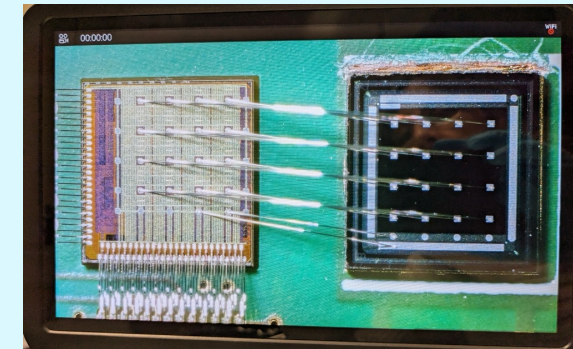


Close collaboration with Brookhaven National Laboratory

Scientific leaders: C. De La Taille (OMEGA) , F. Bouyjou (CEA/Irfu/DEDIP), A. Soulier (LPCA), D. Marchand (IJCLab)

# Conclusion & Outlook

- ❖ Roman Pots and Off-Momentum Detectors are master pieces for ePIC Physics Program (Exclusive & Tagged processes, ./..)
- ❖ AC-LGAD read-out characterization with **EICROCO**, 1<sup>st</sup> prototype (4x4) // AC-LGAD
  - ✦ With Beta source (<sup>90</sup>Sr) at IJCLab PSI:
    - Preliminary results on charge sharing ratio
    - TDC values corrected for time-walk
  - ✦ With infrared laser at IJCLab: preliminary results, work on-goig
    - Measured TDC jitter: from 19 to 29 ps ⇒ within specifications
    - Position resolution from ADC data: very encouraging results



- Exploit Beta source & IR laser testbenches with different AC-LGAD sensor configurations (wire-bounded, flipchip) to extract charge sharing ratio, time resolution & position resolution
- Take part to beam tests
- Perform AC-LGAD readout characterization with upcoming EICROC iterations
  - Characterize **EICROC0A** (4x4) coupled to AC-LGAD - improved testability & TDC tuning
  - Characterize **EICROC0B** (4x4) coupled to AC-LGAD – includes a low power ADC
  - Testing of **EICROC1** (4x32) and **EICROC1A** (32x32)

# Thank you for your attention

आपके ध्यान देने के लिए धन्यवाद!



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